Informed consent comprehension and recollection in adult dental patients: a systematic review

1. What was the highest level of patient recollection reported by studies assessing it after conventional direct professional-patient interactions?
   a. 97%
   b. 94%
   c. 86%
   d. 79%

2. What was the highest level of patient recollection reported when explanation interventions included adjuncts such as leaflets, multimedia, or decision boards?
   a. 97%
   b. 94%
   c. 86%
   d. 79%

3. In the study conducted by O’Neill and colleagues, what increase in mean knowledge score was observed among patients who received an information leaflet about third-molar extraction, as well as prompting?
   a. 2.19 point increase
   b. 1.51 point increase
   c. 1.11 point increase
   d. 0.99 point increase

4. In the study conducted by Brons and colleagues, what was the participants’ recall rate for risks and complications immediately after an informed consent interview for surgical orthodontic treatment?
   a. 73%
   b. 64%
   c. 51%
   d. 42%

Changes in urinary bisphenol A concentrations associated with placement of dental composite restorations in children and adolescents

5. What was the pretreatment geometric mean urinary bisphenol A (BPA) concentration, corrected for specific gravity, among all participants in the study?
   a. 7.12 nanograms per milliliter
   b. 5.47 ng/mL
   c. 3.32 ng/mL
   d. 1.98 ng/mL

6. Compared with pretreatment levels, what percentage increase in mean urinary BPA concentration was reported 1 day after dental treatment?
   a. 51.4%
   b. 42.7%
   c. 35.9%
   d. 26.6%

7. What did the authors conclude from the multivariate linear regression model assessing the potential association between the number of tooth surfaces restored and changes in urinary BPA concentration?
   a. not significantly associated at any of the posttreatment assessments
   b. significantly associated only at 1 day posttreatment
   c. significantly associated only at 1 day and 14 days post-treatment
   d. significantly associated at 1 day, 14 days, and 6 months posttreatment

8. What urinary BPA concentration was measured at 1 day posttreatment for the participant who had 8 surfaces restored in a single visit?
   a. 81.8 ng/mL
   b. 47.9 ng/mL
   c. 22.7 ng/mL
   d. 5.1 ng/mL

The root of the problem: occurrence of typical and atypical periapical pathoses

9. What percentage of the periapical specimens included in this study were identified as lesions of inflammatory origin?
   a. 97.2%
   b. 89.8%
   c. 81.3%
   d. 77.5%

10. Among the cases included in this study, which 1 of the following was the least common histopathologic diagnosis for a lesion of inflammatory origin?
    a. radicular cyst
    b. periapical fibrous scar
    c. periapical abscess
    d. periapical granuloma

11. Which 1 of the following was the most common histopathologic diagnosis for lesions of noninflammatory origin?
    a. ameloblastoma
    b. benign fibro-osseous lesion
    c. odontogenic keratocyst
    d. central giant cell granuloma

12. What is the upper limit of the range for the estimated recurrence rate of odontogenic keratocysts?
    a. 56%
    b. 39%
    c. 24%
    d. 17%